MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1775.

LONDON, *September 19.*

YESTERDAY an expreſs arrived with the account of the ſafe arrival in the Downs of the Charming Sally, capt. Robertſon, with diſpatches from gen. Gage, dated the 16th of Auguſt, and has on board many ſick and wounded ſoldiers.

A letter from the Hague ſays, "acco ding to our letters from Madrid, the Spaniards are very active in raiſing recruits, which they diſpoſe of in the national regiments. In the foreign regiments in the ſervice of Spain they admit of all the officers from the confederates of Poland that offer themſelves, and give them the ſame rank they held at home. This, and the great armaments that are making in all the ſea ports of Spain, are certain proofs that this court has ſome important deſigns in view."

A great quantity of ſmall arms are now getting ready at the Tower, to be ſhipped for Boſton.

A young nobleman, no leſs amiable for his private than illuſtrious for his public virtues, has, we hear, declared himſelf a friend to the plan on which the London Aſſociation is formed. It is not doubted but an example of this kind will induce ſuch of our nobles as poſſeſs the principles of patriotiſm to lend their aid to a ſcheme in favour of conſtitutional liberty.

It is ſaid that the duke of Northumberland has freighted a ſhip for Boſton, with freſh proviſions, for the uſe of lord Piercy's regiment.

It is ſaid that an addreſs to his majeſty, on the preſent ſtate of affairs in Great-Britain and her colonies, ſimilar to thoſe from Manchester, Liverpool, &c. will ſoon be ſet on foot among ſome of the merchants and traders of the city of London.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, Sept. 15.

"This day arrived here the Charming Nancy, Davſon, from Boſton; ſhe was only 24 days on her paſſage; Gen. Gage's lady came paſſenger in her. This ſhip has brought home 170 ſick and wounded ſoldiers and officers. By her there is an account that no action had happened between the regulars and the provincials ſince the 17th of June laſt, nor did the general think it proper to hazard an engagement till reinforced by a body of freſh troops."

The diſpatches brought by the above ſhip, were forwarded to lord Dartmouth's office.

Letters from Boſton repreſent the ſtate of our army there to be truly diſtreſſing. The men were ſeverely harraſſed by conſtant duty, which, with their living many months on ſalt proviſions, in ſo hot a climate, had brought the flux amongſt them, ſome regiments having 60, and moſt of the others from 40 to 50 down in that diſorder. They daily expected another engagement, and had intelligence that Gen. Lee wrote to the Congreſs for liberty to attack Boſton, aſſuring them if they approved his plan, he would drive the army to their ſhips. Deſertion continued amongſt the troops, notwithſtanding ſtrong guards were poſted at all the outpoſts.

The detachments from Burgoyne's and Elliot's light horſe, being ordered to march to be ready for embarking for Boſton, put black crape upon their ſwords, and paſt in that truly mournful manner from Kenſington to Brentford; and in their way they met his Majeſty, to whom they meant to ſhew that they diſliked and deteſted the unnatural ſervice they were going on.

Moſt of the officers particularly the field officers and captains, of the regiments in Ireland, ordered to go to America (except thoſe of the 46th) have preſented memorials, ſoliciting leave of abſence, alleging ſickneſs, &c.

It is held a certain fact, that, on account of the diſagreeableneſs of the ſervice, no officer of rank or note hath gone to America, without a gratuity of 1000 or 500 guineas, beſides all his other appointments for table, horſes, and ſervants, and free tranſportation to Boſton.

Sept. 21. There are letters in town by the Charming Sally, from Boſton, which mention, that the Provincials have made themſelves maſters of ſome important poſts, which they have intrenched in a manner ſtrong beyond conception; and that the talk among the king's officers of attacking them when the reinforcements arrive, is now dropped, as they confeſs they could not come to an engagement, even ſuppoſing their number to be equal, without a material diſadvantage.

Sept. 22. Two Hanoverian officers of diſtinction arrived in town from Hanover on Wedneſday night, and yeſterday they waited on his majeſty at Kew, with whom they had the honour of a conference.

The clerks in the plantation office are ordered to regulate and adjuſt the American accounts for the inſpection of parliament at their next meeting.

It is with pleaſure we hear that lord Chatham is ſo well recovered as to propoſe conſtant attendance in parliament this ſeſſion.

A bill for ſettling an unalterable compact between this country and America, for the future government and tranquillity of the latter country, is now under the conſideration of the cabinet. A certain noble lord in office, who has planned the bill, is to make the motion the ſecond week after the meeting of parliament. The general object of the propoſed regulation is to put the Americans on the ſame footing of freedom, and under the ſame advantages, with the reſt of his majeſty's ſubjects. The whole continent is to be divided into large diſtricts, each of which is to ſend a repreſentative to the Britiſh parliament. The number of repreſentatives at firſt is to be rendered proportionable to the revenue that is expected to be raiſed by the introduction of the ſame laws of cuſtom and excile, and the ſame privileges of trade prevailing in Great-Britain. In proportion as that revenue ſhall encreaſe, their number is to be enlarged. But proviſion is to be made, that at no period that number ſhall exceed one ſixth part of the houſe of commons. In conſequence of this regulation, all the governments ſubſiſting in America, except Canada, are to be diſſolved. No governor, no council, no aſſembly for the future! for as all the inhabitants of the Britiſh empire have (to uſe a metaphor) but *one fold*, they are to have but *one ſhepherd*. Boards of cuſtom and exciſe are to be eſtabliſhed in places thought the moſt convenient; and courts of juſtice poſſeſſing the ſame powers within their reſpective juriſdictions with thoſe of the King's-bench and Exchequer in England, are to be erected in the moſt centrical ſituations; and the mode of appeal, as here, is to be in the houſe of lords. In ſhort, every regulation now exiſting, calculated to keep up a diſtinction, is to be removed. The acts of the American aſſemblies are to be entirely abrogated, and the law of England is to take place every where except in Canada. To prevent inconveniencies, againſt which the law of England does not always provide, an act is to be paſſed comprehending all the neceſſary and local regulations contained in the acts of the different municipal legiſlatures in America. In a few days all the particulars of this very important bill will be printed.

Yeſterday in the forenoon the earl of Dartmouth went to Kew, and held a long conference with his majeſty; at the ſame time ſeveral freſh diſpatches arrived at the earl's office, which were laid before his majeſty by his lordſhip

An evening paper ſays, authentic intelligence has been received, that general Schuyler had left a garriſon at Ticonderoga, and was in full march into the heart of Canada. The inhabitants of that province (at leaſt many of them) it is ſaid, have expreſſed a wiſh to join the American confederacy if the cloathing and arms from England arrive while general Schuyler is there, they will fall into the hands of the provincials. General Carleton is at Montreal; but his force is ſo inconſiderable, that ſeveral of the friends of government here already confeſs they are in pain for Canada.

Lord Cavan, it is reported, is to go out to America as commander of the foreign mercenaries, which the parliament are to take into their pay, the firſt week of the ſeſſions.

Wedneſday morning four large ſhips were taken into the tranſport ſervice, and are ordered to be got ready with all expedition, to carry over muſkets, &c. for the troops in America.

NEWPORT (*Rhode-Iſland*) *Dec.* 4.

Ten thouſand minute men ſtand ready to come in for the protection of this iſland, on the ſhorteſt notice; 5000 of whom can be landed on the iſland in 24 hours, and the other in 24 more.

NEW-YORK, *December 7.*

Ship Ducheſs of Gordon, New York harbour, 4th Dec. 1775.

SIR,

I DESIRE you will lay before the corporation the incloſed paper, containing my ſentiments on the preſent convulſed ſtate of this country, and that you will pleaſe to make the ſame public.

I am, Sir,
Your very humble ſervant,
W. TRYON.

To Whitehead Hicks, *Eſq; Mayor of the city of New-York.*

To the Inhabitants of NEW-YORK.

I TAKE this public manner to ſignify to the inhabitants of this province, that his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to grant me his royal permiſſion, to withdraw from my government; and at the ſame time to aſſure them of my readineſs to perform every ſervice in my power, to promote the common felicity.

If I am excluded from every hope of being any way inſtrumental towards the re-eſtabliſhment of that harmony, at preſent interrupted, between Great-Britain and her colonies, I expect ſoon to be obliged to avail myſelf of his Majeſty's indulgence.

It has given me great pain, to view the colony committed to my care, in ſuch a turbulent ſtate, as not to have afforded me, ſince my arrival, any proſpect of being able to take the diſpaſſionate and deliberate voice of its inhabitants, in a conſtitutional manner, upon the reſolution of parliament, for compoſing the preſent ferments in this province: A reſolution that was intended for the baſis of an accommodation, and if candidly conſidered, in a way which it will be moſt probably ſucceſsful, and treated with that delicacy and decency, requiſite to the cultivation of a ſincere reconciliation and friendſhip, might yet be improved, for the purpoſe of reſtoring the general tranquillity and ſecurity of the empire.

I owe it to my affection to this colony, to declare my wiſh, that ſome meaſure may be ſpeedily adopted for this purpoſe; as I feel an extreme degree of anxiety, in being witneſs to the growing calamities of this country, without the power to alleviate them—Calamities that muſt increaſe, while ſo many of the inhabitants withhold their allegiance from their ſovereign, and their obedience to the parent country, by whoſe power and patronage they have hitherto been maintained and protected.

W. TRYON.

Ship Ducheſs of Gordon, New-York harbour, Dec. 4, 1775.

PHILADELPHIA, *December 11.*

The following letters are publiſhed by order of the Hon. continental congreſs.

"*My dear general,* *Montreal Nov. 17.*

"WITH great pleaſure I tranſmit you a letter from col. Arnold for general Washington, together with the copy of his letter to me. Colonel Easton has ſix guns mounted on ſhore, three twelve pounders, one nine ditto, and two ſixes, at the orrel and the two row gallies. Mr. Carleton, with his eleven ſail, has not yet been able to paſs him by. Indeed Easton has obliged him twice to weigh anchor, and remove higher up the river. I am making all diſpatch to attack him on my ſide, with field artillery mounted in batteaus. I have had great difficulty about the troops. I am afraid many of them will go home; however, depending on my good fortune, I hope to keep enough to give the final blow to miniſterial politics in this province, as I hope effectual meaſures will be taken to prevent their laying hold of it again.

"I muſt beg the boats may be ſent back, if poſſible, which take up the diſcharged men. Some of them might be left at the Point au Fere. I am exceedingly hurried, and have not done half my buſineſs with you. I ſhall eſtabliſh a poſt, which will ſet out next Monday for Ticonderoga. Will you appoint a poſt-maſter there? May you enjoy better health. I am, &c.

RICHARD MONTGOMERY.

"SIR, *Ticonderoga, Nov. 22, 1775. 9 o'clock, P. M.*

I SENT off the expreſs about noon to-day, who brought me your favour of the 9th. Since his departure, I received a letter from general Montgomery, incloſing a copy of one from col. Arnold. Copies of both I do myſelf the honour to tranſmit you.

"If general Carlton had reached Quebec before col. Arnold, it is probable the latter might have met with more difficulties than he expected, from the reinforcement the former carried with him; but I hope by this time that our troops are in barracks at Quebec.

"Col. Arnold's march does him great honour. Some futur hiſtorian will make it the ſubject of admiration to his readers.

I am, Sir,
Your moſt obedient and moſt humble ſervant,
PH. SCHUYLER."

Nov. 23. The froſt has been ſo ſevere laſt night that the lake, as far down towards Crownpoint as we can ſee, whi h is about three miles, is intirely cloſed.

The hon. John Huncock, Eſq; &c. &c.

St. Maria two leagues and a half from Point Levy Nov. 8, 1775.

"DEAR SIR,

"YOUR favour of the 29th ult. I received at ten o'clock this morning, which gave me much pleaſure: I heartily congratulate you on your ſucceſs thus far: I think you have great reaſon to be apprehenſive for me; the time I mentioned to general Washington being ſo long ſince elapſed, I was not then appriſed, or indeed apprehenſive of one half of the difficulties we had to encounter, of whi h I cannot at preſent give you a particular detail. Can only ſay we have hauled our batteaus up over falls, up rapid ſtreams, over carrying places, and marched through moraſſes, thick woods, and over mountains about three hundred and twenty miles, many of which we had to paſs ſeveral times to bring over our baggage. Theſe difficulties the ſoldiers have with the greateſt fortitude ſurmounted, and about two thirds of the detachment are happily arrived here, and within two days march, moſt of them in good health and high ſpirits.

"The other part, with col. Enos, returned from the Dead river contrary to my expectation, he having orders to ſend back only the ſick, and thoſe that could not be furniſhed with proviſions. I wrote gen. Schuyler the thirteenth of October, by an Indian I thought truſty, incloſed to my friend in Quebec, and as I have had no anſwer from either, and he pretends being taken at Quebec, I make no doubt he has betrayed his truſt, which I am confirmed in as I find they have been ſome time appriſed of our coming to Quebec, and have deſtroyed all the canoes at Point Levy, to prevent our paſſing. This difficulty will be obviated by birch canoes, as we have about twenty of them, with forty ſavages who have joined us, and profeſs great friendſhip, as well as the Canadians, by whom we have been very friendly received, and who will be able to furniſh us with a number of canoes.

"I am informed by the French there are two frigates and ſeveral ſmall armed veſſels lying before Quebec, and a large ſhip or two lately arrived from Boſton; however, I propoſe croſſing the St. Lawrence as ſoon as poſſible, and if any opportunity offers of attacking Quebec with ſucceſs, ſhall embrace it; otherwiſe ſhall endeavour to join your army at Montreal. I ſhall as often as in my power advize you of my proceedings, and beg the favour of hearing from you by every opportunity.

"The incloſed letter to his exceſſency general Waſhington beg the favour of you forwarding by expreſs.

I am very reſpectfully, dear Sir,
Your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
BENE. ARNOLD.

Brig. gen. Montgomery.

P. S. Since my writing the above, I have ſeen a friend from Quebec; who informs me a frigate of twenty ſix guns and two tranſports, with one hundred and fifty recruits, arrived from St. John's, Newfoundland laſt Sunday, which, with the inhabitants who have been compelled to take up arms, amount to 2000 men in all.

dred men. That the French and English inhabitants in general are on our side, and that the city are short of provisions; I shall endeavour to cut off their communication with the country, and make no doubt, if no more recruits arrive, to bring them to terms soon, or at least keep them in close quarters until your arrival here, which I wait with impatience; but if St. John's should not have surrendered, and you can possibly spare a regiment this way, I think the city must of course fall into our hands.

B. A.

Point Levy, November 14, 1775.

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"DEAR SIR,

"THE foregoing is a copy of my last, by the two Indians you sent by express the 29th ult. who, I hear this moment, are taken five leagues above this, since which I have waited two or three days for the rear to come up, and in preparing ladders, &c. The wind has been so high these three nights that I have not been able to cross the river. I have near forty canoes ready; and, as the wind has moderated, I design crossing this evening; the Hunter sloop and Lizard frigate lie opposite to prevent us, but make no doubt I shall be able to avoid them. I this moment received the agreeable intelligence (via Sorrel) that you are in possession of St. John's, and have invested Montreal. I can give no intelligence, save that the merchant ships are busy day and night in loading, and four have already sailed.

I am, Sir, your's, &c.

B. ARNOLD."

Extract of a letter from London, dated Sept. 20, 1775.

"You are quite right in thinking me narrow in my political notions: However it is with pleasure I can inform you my opinion is very different to what it was. I now see much clearer that the Americans are right,---than ever I did when I saw them wrong. If I was now in Philadelphia, the first business I should look after would be to join some company and learn the military exercise. The present ministry are certainly a set of the most abandoned wretches: I sincerely wish all their diabolical schemes may be frustrated, and which I have not the least doubt of, if wise and prudent measures are observed on your side. There are now in London *ten* for America for *one* against it.

"An association is on foot in Spitalfields for learning the military exercise; upwards of 100 are joined in one company; they have been heard to say publicly, that they never intend to fight against America, but aim at another mark. I doubt not but before another opportunity offers to write to you that 10,000 men will be under arms in this metropolis, in defence of your glorious cause."

By capt. Harvey, arrived here from St. Kitt's, we learn, that on the 17th of October last, a heavy gale of wind began at Basseterre, in which the ship Elisabeth, capt. Harvey, from this port, with a cargo of flour and lumber, was drove ashore. Several other vessels were also drove ashore and lost in the above-mentioned gale.

Capt. Harvey also informs us, that the town of St. George, in Grenada, took fire the first of November, and continued till the fifth, when all the houses, except a few at a place called the Cannaih, were consumed, together with their provisions. This account was confirmed and believed at St. Kitt's, where they were sending vessels with necessaries for the relief of St. George's.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of credit at Albany, dated December 7.

"You will before now have heard that we have possessed ourselves of all the vessels at Montreal, eleven in number, with several hundred barrels of beef, pork, butter, &c. no powder.

"Last night the officers (Gen. Prescot among them) taken on board the vessels, were brought in by Col. Wynkoop. I was in company with the colonel, who told me he left Montreal fourteen days since, and the next day Gen. Montgomery was to leave Montreal for Quebec, which Col. Arnold had surrounded, and that the general was under no apprehensions but that he would finish at that place soon."

Extract of a letter from New-York, December 14.

"We are told that an express went through here this morning, from the eastward, with an account that some of our armed vessels had taken a transport with twenty thousand guineas and some military stores."

Extract of a letter from the camp, dated Prospect hill, Dec. 4.

"Let me now congratulate you on the success of our privateers; besides that important prize with the stores, arms, &c. we have an account last night of three more, one from Glasgow, with bale goods, &c. one from Ireland, with beef, butter, cheese, &c. and one from Canada with live stock, and they say the governor of St. John's on board: this will be a severe stroke on the ministerial troops, who have no other resource this winter."

By a letter from North-Carolina, dated Newbern, November 28, we are informed, that the governor had sent word he intends to dine at the palace at Christmas, and to have the town in ashes before night. Yesterday 200 soldiers marched to Virginia, under the command of Col. Howe. We have 4000 men raised in the province, they are thought equal to any of the king's troops. Friday next the minute-men and soldiers go out to meet 500 men that are coming to take post here, where they are to remain till the rest of the soldiers come back. The governor has got 300 soldiers to assist him; it is expected they have burnt down one small place called Brunswick, that had eight or nine houses in it.

Our people have taken from the governor a great deal of powder and ball, bayonets, swords, pistols, and ball for the cannon, and every thing belonging to the artillery, which he had concealed under ground; there were vessels with powder sent for the tories and soldiers, but Major Pattan marked his men, and has taken it away from them. Newbern will be made near as strong as Boston.

WILLIAMSBURG.

We learn from Great Bridge, that the enemy have kept an incessant cannonading upon our troops for several days past, from a stockade fort which the governor has erected there and that two men were killed. A gentleman from thence mentions some part of their fortifications to be in possession of our men, and that they had taken several prisoners, with a considerable number of arms. It is said the enemy have met with great loss from our rifle-men, &c. and that Lord Dunmore's friends are deserting daily.

We have the pleasure to inform our readers that the disturbance in Hanover, on account of the present scarcity of salt, has subsided, the committee having fallen upon proper measures for that desirable purpose. A quantity of salt has been collected, and is in store to be disposed of to those who are in the greatest want.

Several companies from North Carolina, have joined our troops under Col. Woodford at the Great Bridge. It is said they are commanded by Col. Howe, and have several field-pieces with them. We hourly expect to hear of the total overthrow of Lord Dunmore's forces.

A few days ago a man of war fell in with a ship load of servants, from Great Britain or Ireland, whom his Lordship has taken into his service.

It is an undoubted fact that Lord Dunmore, in his expedition against the Indians, purchased upwards of ten thousand weight of gun-pouder, about three pounds for each man in his army, and it is no less certain that the quantity distributed to each person did not exceed a gill. Matter for curious speculation.

On the first inst. the convention, pursuant to an order of the last, met at Richmond, when they thought proper to adjourn to this place, in the college.

A letter from col. Scott to capt. Southall, dated Dec. 5.

"Since my last, we have sent a party of 100 men under the command of Col. Stevens, of the minute battalion over the river, who fell in last night about twelve o'clock, with a guard of about 30 men, chiefly negroes. They got up to the centinels undiscovered; the centinel challenged, and was not answered, upon which he fired. Our people, being too eager, began the fire immediately, without orders, and kept it up very hot for near fifteen minutes. We killed one, burnt another in the house, and took two prisoners (all blacks) with 4 exceeding fine muskets, and defeated the guard. There is hardly an hour in th day but we exchange a few shot. I am, as usual, in haste, &c."

An express arrived last Thursday night, who informs, that we have taken a little fort belonging to Dunmore, with 40 stand of arms.

Extract of a letter from an eminent house in London, to a gentleman in this city, dated Sept. 5, 1775.

"We are made exceedingly unhappy by the accounts of parliament relative to the colonies, and for the dreadful consequences that must ensue; God only knows where it will end. The governor's conduct has been most shameful; we are told it is highly disapproved, even by his friends on this side the water. We sincerely join you, in wishing that the Almighty may dispose the contending parties to bring about a happy and honourable reconciliation."

LONDON.

Sept. 25. Yesterday the lady of gen. Gage was at court at St. James's, and was most graciously received.

The crews of his majesty's ships Racehorse and Carcass, lately arrived at Woolwich from the coast of Africa, are turned over to the Boreas man of war, at Chatham, which ship is ordered for Boston.

Government has, we hear, contracted for 10,000 tons of potatoes from England and Ireland to go to America, three thousand of which one potatoe merchant has engaged to furnish them with.

The Union, capt. Pearson, from Nantucket, and the Eden, capt. Marshal, from Maryland, with some dispatches to lord Dartmouth's office, are both safe arrived in the Downs.

However other branches of trade may thrive, the American, West-Indian, and African must sink. The sudden decay of trade finally produceth every species of disorder. The dreadful scene at Liverpool is but the beginning of *some* calamities, all chargeable on the ministry. This scene of horror and bloodshed will soon, in all probability, be more than equalled at Whitehaven, Glasgow, and other western ports. And who shall say, that none of these violent shakings will shake the throne?

A morning paper says, "The British army now in America, together with the reinforcement ordered for that part of the world, will make a body of more than 20,000 men. To these are to be added 16,000 Russians, and 10,000 Hessians, Hanoverians, and Wirtembergers; the whole are to take the field in April next."---But the writer of this splendid article has forgot a very material article, viz. 10 000 Canadians under gen. Charleton, as the French call him, which will amount, in the whole, to 66 000. Our correspondent adds, "If Gage's army, not exceeding 6000 men, are starving during the best season of the year, which way are *ten times that number* to subsist?

We are credibly informed, that contractor Mellish is gone down to Huntingdonshire, to buy up two thousand more sheep for the purpose of supplying the army in Boston. As the far greater part of these sheep will most probably die on their passage, and such as survive, from the loss of flesh, &c. be rendered of little worth (not to say unwholsome) by disease; query, is not this distressing the poor at home, without a probability of affording the army any effectual relief abroad? And if government are reduced to such wretched shifts to support from 6 to 10,000 men, how are the 20 or 30,000 foreigners to be provided for?

The unnecessary, unhappy dispute, between Great-Britain and the colonies, has at a stroke deprived us of one-fourth of the commerce of the British empire: and if Mr. Glover's flatement is right, made at the bar of the house of commons last year, the thing is beyond doubt. What is to result from this, but a diminution of power, and is an extraordinary effort to ruin ourselves? The vast Atlantic ocean is an invincible bar to our success; and the enthusiastic bravery of the Americans, will convince our ministry's understanding, by knocking the soldiers brains out, that arms at such a distance cannot prevail, where every supply on a defeat must be from Great-Britain, at 3500 miles distance, where every man is a foe; and their troops cannot place a foot but on hostile ground. But armies are the delight of administration; and as they ship off, or rather transport the national troops, foreign troops from Germany, that country of tyrannic sway and arbitrary rule, will be poured in upon us.

Thirteen surgeons have received orders to embark for Boston in the first ship that sails for that port.

The address to his majesty has been moved for at Aberdeen, in Scotland, but goes on more slowly there than at either Glasgow or St. Andrew's, so that it is a chance whether it will be carried. A number of respectable people are against it, as they say it cannot be proved that any opposition which is carried on is intended against the king, but against his ministers, who are as heartily despised in Scotland as in England.

Government have contracted with Mr. Mellish to supply the troops at Boston with a very considerable number of oxen, and 14,000 sheep, the largest and fattest that can be procured. Several of the oxen, and 4000 of the sheep, are ordered to be sent over immediately, alive, and the remainder as soon as they can be purchased.

A man of war of 40 guns, and a bomb ketch, are ordered to be fitted out forthwith. They are to take on board a quantity of woollen cloths, for the use of gen. Gage's troops, and are to sail for Boston as soon as possible.

The Phœnix man of war, with the 14 sail of transports, are obliged to come to an anchor off the start, the wind coming against them.

Meetings of the freeholders of several counties, it is said, will be held, in order to determine whether they shall give instructions to their representatives in parliament for their conduct the ensuing session, in regard to America.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of rank near Manchester

"You ask a line of politics from me; alas! I can only sincerely lament the present miserable state of public affairs, and deprecate the mischiefs and distractions that must arise from the weak, oppressive, vindictive system of our American politics. The friends of American freedom however respectable, are out-numbered every where, and the ministry seem to have the cry in their favour.---Toryism prevails in this part of the country, and even Jacobites and non-jurors are become loyal, and address the king; witness the Manchester address. I did not attend this business, or (as you will believe) sign the courtly paper filled as it is with falsehoods and fictitious loyalty. The proposed association has been sadly managed, their papers dispersed only amongst the avowed friends of ministry with us, who make them the pretext for addressing. All the houses in Manchester, who have ever had any commerce with America, refused to sign the address, as impolitic and ungrateful."

Extract of a letter from Gosport, Sept. 24.

"All the ships in the harbour fitting for Boston are nearly ready, and will go to Spithead very shortly."

Sept. 26. The ministry are exerting all their interest to procure addresses in favour of their measures against America, from the different cities and towns throughout the kingdom.

Bad measures may be applauded by bad men; but those who are disinterested, and in spite of arbitrary threats, dare speak their minds, declare they think America highly injured, wish their brethren on the other side the Atlantic, a speedy issue from their troubles, and those who caused them an early impeachment and a public execution.

A petition to the king is sent over from the island of Grenada, praying that reconciliatory measures may take place between Great-Britain and her colonies, as the effects of the dispute are greatly felt in Grenada and the other West-India islands.

A correspondent informs us, that an officer on half-pay, applied to a noble lord, his friend, for a command in America, thinking it the likeliest way for promotion, which the other dissuaded him from for the present, adding, that he thought things were in a train of accommodation.

Sept. 27. An evening paper of last month says, that General Schuyler had left a garrison in Tyconderoga, and was in full march into the heart of Canada. It is said General Carleton is at Montreal, but that his force is very inconsiderable.

It is rumoured about the court that Lord Holderneſſe will resign his post, and that Lord George Germain is to succeed him as preceptor to the Prince of Wales.

The hon. Admiral Byron will be appointed the second in command on the American station.

ANNAPOLIS, *December 21.*

The general assembly of this province is further prorogued to Monday the first of January next.

THE COUNCIL OF SAFETY desirous of forwarding the intentions of the convention in promoting the manufacture of salt, salt-petre, gunpowder, and fire-arms, request any persons who are inclined to run on liberal encouragement in the manufacture of fire-arms, or to erect a powder-mill in the neighbourhood of Baltimore-town, where it will be most beneficial, or salt, or salt-petre works, that they will send their proposals in writing to Gabriel Duvall, clerk of the council of safety, and they shall be attended to and speedily answered.

Just published, and to be sold at the Printing-Office,

THE

MARYLAND

ALMANACK

AND

EPHEMERIS

For the Year of our Lord 1776.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of John Eves, deceased, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, on Wednesday the 24th day of January next,

THE house in which William Noke now liveth, opposite to the prison in the city of Annapolis, with part of a lot of ground thereunto belonging, for common current money. The said house and ground is subject to the widow's thirds. The sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

4w

WILLIAM NOKE, } executors.
JONATHAN PINKNEY, }

ALL persons indebted to Samuel Duvall, sen. late of Prince George's county, are desired to come and settle their accounts, and those that have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts lawfully proved to

SAMUEL and J. DUVALL, exec'rs.

To be sold by the subscriber, on Tuesday the ninth day of January next, at the plantation of Elizabeth Orme, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, near Snowdens iron works, for sterling or current money, PART of the estate of the said deceased, consisting of most sorts of houshold furniture, a large stock of horses, sheep, and neat cattle, among which are several fine fat steers. Six months credit will be given for all sums above five pounds, on giving bond and approved security to,

THOMAS SNOWDEN, executor.

N. B. The sale will begin at 11 o'clock.

I TAKE this method of informing the public, that I have sold my land at Maryland Point to Daniel Jenifer, Esq. which will prevent further application.

FRANCIS MEEK.

Charles county, Maryland, Dec. 11. 1775.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A PERSON who well understands the fullers business. Any one who can come well recommended, may meet with good encouragement, by applying to JAMES WATERS, near Bryan-Town.

THE subscriber, having now got his mill in excellent order for grinding and bolting, and having got a very skilful miller, purposes to grind any kind of grain for one eighth part thereof. Should any person send any quantity not less than twenty bushels of any kind of grain to the Land of Ease on South river, or any other landing on said river convenient, he will immediately, on notice thereof, cart it to his mill, grind it, and dispatch the vessel that brings it with expedition. As he has been at great pains in erecting his mill to do good work, hopes to meet with the encouragement of the people in general.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

Charles county, December 9. 1775.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro woman by the name of Nan, who says she belongs to Thomas Orford, living near the great Falls of Patowmack; she is a hearty well looking wench, her cloathing an old negro cotton jacket and petticoat, a white country cloth ditto, and an old crocus shift. Her master is desired to pay charges and take her from

W. HANSON, sheriff.

Annapolis Constitutional Post-Office.

December 5, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Northward and Southward mails arrive at this office every Friday at two o'clock, and return the same day at six—and on every Monday morning a mail leaves this town for Baltimore, and returns on Friday with the Northward mail.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, deputy post-master.

George-town, Patowmack river, Dec. 12, 1775.

IF Richard Phelps is living, who came over from London, with Leonard Brooke, about the year 1764, and lived as a schoolmaster with Dr. Leonard Holiday, Patuxent; on application to me, will hear of something to his advantage. w 2.

WILL. DEAKINS, jun.

December 5, 1775.

To be rented for either cash or tobacco, as may be agreed on, and entered upon the 1st of January next,

THAT valuable plantation whereon Mr. George Wheeler now lives, lying in Calvert county, on Battle creek; the soil is well known to be some of the best in the county, most convenient for both fish and oysters, and has a large apple-orchard upon it: there is ground enough to work ten or a dozen hands on, and have a shift. I will either rent the whole to one person, or to two or three, as may best suit. Any person inclinable to rent, may know the terms, by applying to 3 w MICHAEL TANEY.

Maryland, Talbot-county, October 23, 1775.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away on the night of the 21st instant, two convicts, viz. William Manly, a well made fellow, about 25 or 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a sucty complexion, is a labourer, and understands something of farming; had on when he went away, a short blue coat about half worn, and either a spotted jean, or brown cloth jacket, flannel drawers, strong home-made gray yarn stockings, and good strong English made shoes; he is an active fellow, and will probably change his name and forge a pass; he speaks the Lancashire or north of England dialect.

Anne Wilson, who calls herself the said Manly's wife, a middle aged thin looking woman, about 40 or 45 years of age, is in a tolerable good dress, handy at doing house-work, and speaks the same dialect as Manly.

Whoever takes up and secures the above convicts, so that I get them again, shall receive if taken in this province, 40 shillings for the man, and 20 shillings for the woman; and if taken out of this province, 3 pounds for the man, and two pounds for the woman. It is imagined they would make down the bay, as they stole and took with them a new canoe, a frying pan, a copper tea-kettle, several Irish linen shirts, provisions, &c.

If they are took up and put in goal, a letter directed to the subscriber will be duly attended to. w 3

JAMES BRADDOCK.

RAN away from Mr. Anthony Stewart, on Saturday night the 4th instant, an English indented servant man, named James Coward, a gardener by trade, has been in the country about 20 months, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, round face, and has short light hair: had on a copper-coloured bath-coating short coat much worn, metal buttons, and sundry other cloaths. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall receive five pounds reward, paid by,

CHARLES STEWART.

April 20, 1

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, the 8th of this instant, two Irish indented servants, each of which has about three years to serve, viz.

FRANCIS MANIS, about thirty years of age, a very stout well made fellow, about five feet ten inches high, very full faced, short dark hair; had on and took with him, a good brown broad cloth coat, and black velvet jacket and breeches, and a pair of black everlasting breeches, with yellow metal buttons, an old blue coat with new large sleeves, shirts, shoes and stockings; his calling a ditcher or brickmaker.

JOHN DELANY, about 26 years of age, five feet eight inches high, well made, fair skin, ruddy complection, short brown hair; had on and took with him, a green jacket made sailor fashion, a purple under jacket, a white shirt, one or two check shirts, much worn, a new felt hat, a black silk handkerchief round his neck, a pair of white kersey breeches, and a pair of blue serge breeches, one pair of Scotch Kilmarnock, and one pair of Kendall ribbed hose mixed black and white, a pair of half worn shoes, and square steel buckles, he writes a good hand; and they have both been in different parts of Pennsylvania. Whoever takes up the aforesaid servants, and secures them so that the subscriber may have them again, shall receive ten pounds reward, if taken out of the province, if in the province, six pounds, or half the above reward for either, by

RICHARD GRAVES.

Annapolis, November 14, 1775.

TO BE SOLD,

By THOMAS C. WILLIAMS and COMP.

At their Store upon the Head of the Dock; an Assortment of dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE middling and coarse broad cloths,
Mill'd drabs for great coats,
Devonshire twill'd kerseys,
Fine and coarse napt frizes,
Bath coating and coarse duffils,
Embossed and plain flannels,
Striped linseys,
Fine rattinets and shalloons,
Durants and calimancoes,
Manchester velvets and velverets,
Corderoys, thicksets, fustians,
Silk and worsted breeches patterns,
A good assortment of mens, womens, and boys worsted hose,
Mens and boys coarse yarn hose,
A large assortment of mens white and colour'd silk hose,
Mens and womens silk gloves and mitts,
Yard wide Irish linens, from 2s 6d to 4s cost,
A few pieces of cotton and calico bed furniture,
A few pieces of cotton chintzes,
Marseilles quilting,
Quilted silk petticoats, stays,
Scarlet cloth cloaks,
Fashionable silk cloaks, hats and bonnets,
Pink, blue and white sattin peslongs,
Black and white sattins,
Black'a mozeens,
Ell black and white ducapes,
¼ Flowered and robin'd ditto,
¼ Striped and plain lutestrings,
¼ Ell English Persians,
Silver table and tea-spoons,
Silver shoe and knee buckles,
Plated pint and ½ pint muggs,
Harry 8th best cards,
Cotton candle wick,
Mens best shoes and boots,
Seine twine and jack lines,
Scotch and pearl barley,
Split peas in kegs,
Dutch ovens, iron pots,
Frying pans, spades and shovels,
Best Florence oil, by the case or bottle,
A few sets blue and white, red and white, and enamell'd china,
An assortment of queen's and glass ware,
A few casks of glass, delf, and white stone ware, to be sold by the cask—many other articles too tedious to mention.

WET GOODS AS USUAL, VIZ.

Old Madeira wine by qr. cask or gallon,
Red and white Lisbon wine in quarter casks,
Sweet mountain and common wine by the gallon,
Best cane spirits, West India and continent rum,
Molasses,
Double and single refined loaf sugar,
Muscovado sugar, &c. &c.

which they will sell low, and for cash only.

All persons indebted to Tho. C. Williams and Co. are desired to call and settle their accounts—those that are able, it is expected will settle by paying their balance, and not take advantage of the times, by keeping us out of our money—those that are really not able to pay, are desired to call and settle their accounts, by giving bond and security, agreeable to the resolves of the convention—all that do not comply with this request in a reasonable time, may depend on being dealt with agreeable to law, and the resolves of the convention in such cases provided.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

WENT away the first instant from the subscriber, living near Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert county, an English servant man, named Daniel Slude, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, about 46 years of age, brown complexion, his hair very lately been cut off, and the back of his head sore, his thumb and middle finger of his left hand fresh cut, has a sore heel which occasions him to limp at times, shews his teeth much when he talks, and has the North country dialect, by trade a sawyer, though pretends to be a gardener and weaver; had on and took with him two osnabrig or Russia sheeting shirts, two pair of osnabrig trousers, a pair of white serge breeches with metal buttons, a new grey fearnought jacket with black horn buttons, a swanskin jacket with black buttons and bound with black ferret, an old castor hat, a pair of double soaled shoes double vamp'd—I understand he intends to change his name, and said he never would own he was a servant, that he intended to travel of nights to make his escape more secure, and that he intended to Boston to general Gage, who he understood would protect all deserters who came to him. Whoever takes up said servant and secures him, so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, including what the allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM ALLEN.

Annapolis, Nov. 27, 1775.

To be sold at public vendue, at the dwelling-house of John Steele, on Friday and instant,

TWO likely negro boys, and sundry household furniture, for ready cash only. All persons indebted to the estate of John Cartey, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment; and all persons having any just claims against the said estate, are desired to make them known to

JOHN STEELE, admr.

Dorchester county, December 2, 1775.

COMMITTED AS A RUNAWAY,

A NEGRO lad by the name of Jack, appears to be about 18 or 20 years of age, has a swelling or lumps on the right side of his neck or throat, talks very hoarse, and says he came from London, to this province, with one Capt. Lawrence. 3 w

ROBERT SO. STEVENS, sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land containing 430 acres, situated upon Patuxent river, in Prince George's county, within four miles of Nottingham, and seven of Upper-Marlborough—150 acres whereof are in woods, 75 in a valuable marsh, and the whole under inclosure, a sufficient quantity of low land may be made meadow.—the buildings on this land are well finished and in good repair—they consist of a brick dwelling-house, 44 feet by 30, with four rooms and a passage below stairs, and as many above—a brick kitchen and other convenient houses of wood—this tract is well watered and calculated for raising stock of every kind.

tf THOMAS SIM LEE.

To be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 23d of December, at the house of Mr. John Ball, in Annapolis, (for sterling money)

A VALUABLE plantation on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing by estimate 200 acres more or less, with some improvements; it lies about seven miles from the city of Annapolis, and now in the tenure and occupation of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney. Six months will be given for payment, on giving bond with good security, and paying lawful interest thereon. ts

THOMAS HARWOOD, jun.
JOHN BULLEN.

To be sold to the subscriber, on Saturday the 6th day of January next, to the highest bidder, at the late dwelling-house of William Carr, near Herring creek church, for sterling cash, or current money, by virtue of a deed of trust to me directed by said Carr,

PART of a tract of land called Jervis, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, said to contain one hundred and eighteen acres of land, with a good dwelling-house, and sundry other convenient out-houses; and at the same time and place will be sold a likely country-born negro girl.

STEPHEN STEWARD.

November 28, 1775.

To be sold by the subscriber in Annapolis, between three and four hundred pounds cost of goods, for cost and charges.

IT is earnestly requested of all persons who have open accounts with me, that they will discharge the same, and if they cannot comply with this request, I hope they will be so obliging as to settle them by note or bond, as many of them have been long standing; it is hoped no person will refuse to close their accounts at this particular time, with their humble servant,

THOMAS HYDE.

P. S. I have a large quantity of ready made coarse shoes and leather for sale, for ready money only.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last night from the subscribers, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, near Mr. Robert Cumming's mill, three convict servant men, viz. Thomas Akister, a Yorkshireman, talks very broad, and slow spoken, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, pretty stout made, has a scar on his upper lip, and is pock-marked; took with him when he went away, an old felt hat, a small swanskin jacket with sleeves, and a larger outside ditto of brown fulled cloth, three osnabrig shirts, two pair of old trousers, one of roll the other osnabrig, and a pair of old shoes with strings.

Harper John Bumstead, an Englishman, quick spoken, about 5 feet 11 inches high, a stout boney man, of a sandy complexion, pock-marked, broad mouth, and thick lips; took with him when he went away, an old castor hat, old surtout coat and red jacket, two shirts, one of white linen, the other of brown, a pair of blue cloth breeches, several pair of old worsted stockings, a pair of old shoes with nails in the heels, and white mettle pewter buckles.

Henry Cook, an Englishman, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, middling thin visage, smooth face; took with him when he went away, an old felt hat tarred and bound round the edge, one check and one osnabrig shirt, a Russia linen frock much tarred, a pair of Russia linen trousers much tarred, a pair coarse country linen ditto, and a pair of old shoes with large brass buckles. It is supposed they took with them two striped duffil blankets. It is probable they will change their cloaths, alter their names, and will forge passes, and may have gone off by water. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them so as their masters may get them again, shall receive if taken up in this county 40 shillings for each, if taken out of the county, and in the province, three pounds for each, and if out of the province, the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

BENJAMIN MERRYMAN,
JOHN ORRICK.

TAKEN up at the subscriber's plantation near Mr. Tootell's, a black stray steer, with both his ears cut off, without any perceivable mark. The owner may have him again, on proving his property, and paying charges. 2 w VALLETTE.

Annapolis, November 6, 1775.

WANTED to purchase for cash, or bills of exchange, some young able bodied negroes, boys and wenches, from 15 to 25 years of age, enquire of

WILLIAM RO[illegible]

Annapolis, [illegible] 26, 1775.

OUR partnership being expired, all persons indebted to us, are requested to settle at soon as they possibly can;—those who have accounts against us, are desired to bring them in at the same time.

KENNEDY and WALLACE.

I intend to leave this province.

MICHAEL WALLACE.

Queen-Anne's, Patuxent, Nov. 4, 1775.

To be sold by the subscriber,

AN indented servant man about 29 years of age who has three years and seven months to serve; he has always served in genteel families in England, in quality of a footman and groom, in which offices he is perfectly capable of discharging every part of his duty, such as hair-dressing, shaving, setting a table, waiting, &c. He is an extraordinary good jockey, not only with respect to the riding part, but also as to the management of horses: he brought from England a good character with him.

Also an indented servant woman, wife to the above man, of the same age, and has three times to serve; an excellent good cook and chamber maid, and has always served good families in England in both those departments. She is a very good pastry-cook, and is extraordinary well versed in that part of confectionary business, which relates to pickling and preserving.

JOHN LUCAS.

N. B. They have been married seven years, it is remarkable since they have had any children, and have none with them. 4 w

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July 28, 1775.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, living near Patapsco Furnace, Baltimore county, Maryland, a servile convict man, an Englishman, named Timothy Dorgan, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, gray eyes, short gray hair, about 52 years old, limps in his walk; he has a small hole in one of his ears, a front tooth is out of his teeth, talks in the north country dialect, had on and took with him, a white country cotton shirt, country linnen trousers, good English shoes, worsted stockings, old felt hat; he may have other clothes. Whoever takes up the said servant and secures him, so as he gets his again, shall have the said reward, if taken 10 miles from home, 30 shillings if 20 miles, 40 shillings if 30 miles, 3 pounds if 50 miles, and if taken above one hundred miles from home, and reasonable charges brought home, paid by,

4 w JOHN ROBERT HOLLIDAY.

Annapolis, November 5, 1775.

STOLEN in the night of the 25th of October last, from an unfinished schooner boat, lying in the harbour of Poplar Island, the main and fore sail of the said boat. The height of the main sail is about 27 feet, and has been much mended; almost a whole breadth taken out of the after part, has been middle fitted through every seam, and has a patch of canvas in the after clew; the fore sail also, has been much mended, particularly herring-boned, which is faced with a new piece of ofnabrig from the clew up to the reef. Whoever will bring them to, or give sufficient information that I may get them again, shall have a reward of 6 dollars if brought home, and 6 dollars over and above, upon the conviction of the person or persons who stole the said sails.

tf CHARLES CARROLL, of Carrollton.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN away from the subscriber, on Tuesday night the 10th instant, a dark bay or brown horse, about 11 years old, about 14 hands high, a hunting saddle, with a few gray hairs in his forehead, pieces, trots and gallops, and when rode a few miles is apt to be hide-bound, has a rambling mane, tail long, yet wiry, a short switch tail when trimmed, which was very lately, when rode for a wench, but by the unskilfulness of the person who did it, it was made almost as short as a long bob, the hoofs of his fore-feet were broken on the inside, and he had on a pair of shoes about half worn, but as he has been much rode, it is very probable that one or both may be off by this time. Whoever takes up both thief and horse, so that the thief be convicted, and the horse delivered to me at the Patuxent iron-works, shall receive the above reward, or 20 shillings for the horse only, but if the horse should be a great distance, reasonable charges will be allowed if brought home, paid by JAMES RAWLINGS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the free-school of Anne-Arundel county will be vacant after the first day of January, 1776. Any person willing to engage as master, who is qualified agreeably to the act of assembly, is desired to make application to the visitors. 4 w

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STRAYED or stolen from Annapolis, on the 24th of November, a bright bay horse, about 14 hands and an inch high, paces, trots, and gallops, has a long mane, is shod before, and has a scar upon his back occasioned by a set fast. Whoever will deliver him to Mr. Gassaway in Annapolis, or to the subscriber, shall receive 20 shillings. tf

3 OVERTON CARR.

THE several creditors of Joseph Hebbard, Andrew Hews, John Kidwell, Richard Plowdrew, George Stevens, Caleb Banks, junior, John Parker, and Douglas M'Clain, insolvent debtors, released from Queen-Anne's county jail, are desired to meet at Queen's-town in the county aforesaid, on Monday the first day of January next, to consult on certain bills of debts and bonds, delivered into my hands, for the use of the said creditors. w 4

PHILIP DOWNES, sheriff.

Annapolis, Nov. 5, 1775.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, the two following servants, viz. William Webster, an Englishman, a hatter by trade, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 23 years of age, long dark brown hair, combed behind, turned up before, and curled at the ends, thin faced, thick lips, and walks parrot-toed; is a forward talkative fellow, and can be very complaisant when he pleases. Had on and took with him, a light blue grey cloth coat and waistcoat, the coat has been turned, one red cloth waistcoat, one pair white Russia drab breeches, one white linen shirt, two brown Russia sheeting ditto. It is probable he has other cloaths, or may have changed those described.

Charles Tippin, or Tipping, by trade a gardener, and can work a little at the carpenter's business, about 5 feet 6 inches high, remarkably thick set, full face, short brown hair. Had on and took with him, a short brown working coat with metal buttons, a blue cloth jacket with sleeves and metal buttons, good buckskin breeches, one pair white Russia drab ditto, one white shirt, two brown Russia sheeting, ditto, and may have sundry other cloaths.

The above servants went off in a two mast boat, and four oars, in company with some others. They took a pair of osnabrig sheets, which it is supposed they intend to make sails of. Whoever will secure the above servants so that their master may get them again, shall receive 20 shillings for each if 40 miles, 40 shillings for each if 100 miles, or if out of the province £5 for each, and if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by tf WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. Webster had on a fine beaver hat fan-tail'd, cocked in the military fashion, lined with new white linen, plain pinchbeck knee and shoe-buckles; they took with them a large black dog with white feet and breast, remarkably fat.

Chester-town, Maryland, October 26, 1775.

WAS committed to the jail of Kent county, in the province of Maryland, on the 3d day of this present month, three white servant men, who say they belong to Mr. James Kidloe, at Patapsco ferry, in Anne-Arundel county. One of them calls his name Timothy Donoland, and says he is from Ireland, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender made. One other calls his name Patrick Hurley, and says he is from Ireland, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high. The other calls his name Samuel Estill, and says he is from England, upwards of 30 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. They say they came off in a yaul in which they crossed Chesapeake Bay, and landed near Worton Point, in the county where they are now confined.

Was also committed to the jail of the same county, on the 31st day of August last, a negro man who calls his name Will, and says he belongs to Mr. John Veale, of Chester county, province of Pennsylvania: he is a well set fellow, little more than 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; his cloathing was an osnabrig shirt and trousers, and a new felt hat. The master or masters, of the before mentioned servants and slave, are desired to pay their fees and take them away. 4 w

EZEKIEL FORMAN, sheriff.

Annapolis, October 5, 1775.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

TAKEN away, or borrowed from off the paling at the bottom of the governor's garden, on Monday night last, or early on Tuesday morning, an old seine net, about thirty fathom long, which had been left hanging there for some days by the servants and neighbours, to whom it had been lent, who are responsible for it. The above seine is well known to most of the fishermen about Annapolis, and elsewhere, is remarkable in being made of very strong double twine, now much worn, and mended in many places, and has had a cod added sometime ago, made with different twine. If any person will give information thereof to Mr. Smith, at the governor's, so that it may be had again, shall have the above reward.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

SOME evil disposed person on Tuesday night last, broke open the governor's stable in the folly, and let out his grand stallion; which might, though fortunately was not, have been attended with great loss, and that to him.—Any person discovering the perpetrator thereof, so that he may be convicted, shall receive three pounds—and notice is hereby given, that care may be taken in future, as any further attempts of this sort, will perhaps be attended with disagreeable consequences.

R. SMITH.

Calvert county, October 24, 1775.

RAN away from the subscriber, the 20th instant, a negro man, named Leven, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, his head has lately been shaved on the top; had on and took with him, a gray half-thick coat lined with osnabrig, with metal buttons, a white country cloth ditto without buttons, country cloth breeches, and a pair of tolerable good shoes and stockings. I will give one guinea for apprehending and securing him in any jail.

W. SMITH.

TO be let for reasonable terms, a good stone dwelling-house, either fit for a private family, or also fitted for a store-house, counters and shelves, and every thing fitted for either private life or business; the said house is 32 by 24, two pair of stairs, three rooms below stairs and two fire places, two rooms above stairs, as also a good cellar; the above house stands on the great road near Simpson's tavern, from Frederick-town to Annapolis, as also a good stable 24 by 12, good pasture under a good fence. To be let by Thomas Pratt, in Anne-Arundel county, living near William Hobbies, on the great road to Frederick-town. w 3

Annapolis, October 5, 1775.

TAKEN away, or borrowed from off the paling at the bottom of the governor's garden, on Monday night last, or early on Tuesday morning, an old seine net, about thirty fathom long, which had been left hanging there for some days by the servants and neighbours, to whom it had been lent, who are responsible for it. The above seine is well known to most of the fishermen about Annapolis, and elsewhere, is remarkable in being made of very strong double twine, now much worn, and mended in many places, and has had a cod added sometime ago, made with different twine. If any person will give information thereof to Mr. Smith, at the governor's, so that it may be had again, shall have the above reward.

Baltimore county, Patapsco Neck, April [illegible] 1775.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

For apprehending a Runaway.

JAMES, a mulatto slave, sometimes known by the name of Walker, but commonly answers to the name of Rock, took on about leave of his overseer last Wednesday, and has not yet returned; he is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 9 inches high, strong made, sensible, artful, and deceptive in conversation, firm and daring in his efforts to perpetrate villainy, and of mild temper, and plausible in speech: he frequently travelled through a considerable part of this and some part of the province of Pennsylvania, is well known, it is supposed, in the borough and county of Lancaster, and is acquainted with Philadelphia: he may probably therefore re-visit those places. His working cloaths were a home-made fulled cloth and long cloth waistcoat with sleeves, and trowsers, [illegible] stockings, osnabrig shirt, and good shoes, nailed with [illegible] he is possessed of and has taken with him a blue [illegible] serge coat, a green bread cloth vest, two pair of cotton and one pair of thread stockings, two white [illegible] ruffled at the break, a good castor hat with [illegible] buckle, a pair of good pumps, with [illegible] and [illegible] rimmed silver buckles. He has a [illegible] which from modesty, or some other motive, he is careful to conceal; one of his ears (but which is forgot) is remarkably less than the other. The above reward will be paid if he should be taken up out of the province, or 60 miles from Baltimore town in the province, and brought home; five pounds if at the distance of 40 miles, three pounds if 30, and forty shillings if 20 miles, with reasonable travelling expences, including the legal charge under the act of assembly, by tf THOMAS JONES.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in the lower part of Prince-George's county, on the 11th day of July last, a negro man named Ireland, born in the West-Indies, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, slender made, one of the fore teeth in his upper jaw been out about 18 months ago, and now in the same place another one growing, on the right side of his neck and immediately under his jaw there is some scars which he said was occasioned by some distemper he had in that part, has had the small pox, and a little pitted, a mild fair spoken man, not impertinent, but very drunken: had on and took away with him an old kendal cotton jacket, one pair of [illegible] coat trousers of rolls, one pair of old white [illegible] breeches, one new shirt of rolls, one old white [illegible] and one [illegible] cap. Whoever secures the said negro, so that I can get him again, shall receive 20 shillings more than what is allowed by law.

All masters of ships, and other people, are forbid taking him off at their peril.

JOHN BAPTIST BOSWALL.

[illegible], March 31, 1775.

WANTED immediately, a number of hands who are acquainted in the different branches of the manufacture of fire arms. Good wages and encouragement will be given to such as have been used to work in any branch, according to their proficiency and [illegible] duftry, either by the piece or time. As good [illegible] smiths, or other neat filers, will be found handy in making several parts of gun [illegible] they will [illegible] give good encouragement. [illegible] many servants about the country who [illegible] pursue in the necessary business, I am now engaging in; I should be glad to be informed of such, and will [illegible] them, or purchase their times of service of their masters.

ISAAC HARRIS.

N. B. I want to hire a good [illegible]

STRAYED about three weeks ago from the subscribe[illegible], a large red cow, about 6 years old, she was lately purchased from a person who brought her from the back woods, where it is supposed she will endeavour to make; she has a white streak from the ridge of her back to her tail, and some white in her face—I will give 20 shillings currency to any person that will deliver her [illegible]

J. CLAPHAM.

THE partnership of James Dick and Stewart being expired, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make what payments they possibly can. Persons indebted by open account, and who cannot conveniently pay, are desired to settle by giving their bonds or notes for the [illegible] balances; such a reasonable request, it is hoped, will be complied with, that the subscribers may not be under the disagreeable necessity of making application to have suits brought. Constant attendance will be given at the late, by James Dick and Stewart.

The goods remaining in the late store of James Dick, and Stewart, will be sold on reasonable terms, either for or retail by the subscribers. Also all sorts of cordage manufactured at Newington rope walk, likewise Madeira wine, by the pipe, hhd. or quarter cask.

JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from Poplar hill, the seat of Rezin Darnall, Esq; in Prince-George's county, on the 10th of August, a dark chesnut horse, 9 years old, about 14 hands high; he is a [illegible] long tail, a blaze in his face, paces, trots, and gallops, and has a brand on his near buttock resembling a T. Whoever will return him to Mr. Darnall, or the subscriber in Annapolis, may receive a guinea reward.

JAMES MURRAY.

Prince George's [illegible] May 24, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given, that [illegible] indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or open account, to immediately come and settle their respective debts, as I am determined to give no longer indulgences.—I hope this requisition will be adverted to, otherwise I shall take compulsory methods to enforce payment, without any respect to persons.

JOSEPH DUVALL.

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